

## Key Instant Recall Facts Year 1 - Autumn 1

## I know doubles and halves of numbers to 10.

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts **instantly**.

0 + 0 = 0	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 0 = 0
1 + 1 = 2	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 2 = 1
2 + 2 = 4	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 4 = 2
3 + 3 = 6	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3
4 + 4 = 8	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 8 = 4
5 + 5 = 10	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 10 = 5
6 + 6 = 12	
7 + 7 = 14	
8 + 8 = 16	
9 + 9 = 18	
10 + 10 = 20	

## Key Vocabulary

What is double 9?

What is half of 6?

## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

<u>Ping Pong</u> - In this game, the parent says, "Ping," and the child replies, "Pong." Then the parent says a number and the child doubles it. For a harder version, the adult can say, "Pong." The child replies, "Ping," and then halves the next number given.

<u>Practise online</u> - Go to <u>www.conkermaths.com</u> and see how many questions you can answer in just 90 seconds.



## Key Instant Recall Facts Year 2 - Autumn 1

### I know doubles and halves of numbers to 20.

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts **instantly**.

0 + 0 = 0	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 0 = 0	
1 + 1 = 2	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 2 = 1	11 + 11 = 22
2 + 2 = 4	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 4 = 2	12 + 12 = 24
3 + 3 = 6	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3	13 + 13 = 26
4 + 4 = 8	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 8 = 4	14 + 14 = 28
5 + 5 = 10	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 10 = 5	15 + 15 = 30
6 + 6 = 12	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 12 = 6	16 + 16 = 32
7 + 7 = 14	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 14 = 7	17 + 17 = 34
8 + 8 = 16	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 16 = 8	18 + 18 = 36
9 + 9 = 18	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 18 = 9	19 + 19 = 38
10 + 10 = 20	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 20 = 10	20 + 20 = 40

## Key Vocabulary

What is double 9?

What is half of 14?

## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

<u>Use what you already know</u> - Encourage your child to find the connection between the 2 times table and double facts.

<u>Ping Pong</u> - In this game, the parent says, "Ping," and the child replies "Pong." Then the parent says a number and the child doubles it. For a harder version, the adult can say, "Pong." The child replies, "Ping," and then halves the next number given.

<u>Practise online</u> - Go to <u>www.conkermaths.com</u> and see how many questions you can answer in just 90 seconds.



## Key Instant Recall Facts Year 3 - Autumn 1

## I know number bonds for all numbers to 20.

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts instantly.

2 + 9 = 11 3 + 8 = 11 4 + 7 = 11 5 + 6 = 11 3 + 9 = 12 4 + 8 = 12 5 + 7 = 12 6 + 6 = 12 4 + 9 = 13 5 + 8 = 13 6 + 7 = 13	5 + 9 = 14 6 + 8 = 14 7 + 7 = 14 6 + 9 = 15 7 + 8 = 15 7 + 9 = 16 8 + 8 = 16 8 + 9 = 17 9 + 9 = 18	Example of a  fact family  6 + 9 = 15  9 + 6 = 15  15 - 9 = 6  15 - 9 = 6  Examples of other facts  4 + 5 = 9  13 + 5 = 18
0+/=13		13 + 5 = 18 19 - 7 = 12 10 - 6 = 4
l		

Key Vocabulary		
What do I <b>add</b> to 5 to make 19?		
What is 17 take away 6?		
What is 13 less than 15?		
How many more than 8 is 11?		
What is the difference		
between 9 and 13?		

This list includes the most challenging facts but children will need to learn **all** number bonds for each number to 20 (e.g. 15 + 2 = 17). This includes related subtraction facts (e.g. 17 - 2 = 15).

## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

Buy one get three free - If your child knows one fact (e.g. 8 + 5 = 13), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family?

<u>Use doubles and near doubles</u> - If you know that 6 + 6 = 12, how can you work out 6 + 7? What about 5 + 7?

<u>Play games</u> - There are missing number questions at  $\underline{www.conkermaths.com}$ . See how many questions you can answer in just one minute.



## Key Instant Recall Facts Year 4 - Autumn 1

### I know number bonds to 100.

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts **instantly**.

Some examples:	
60 + 40 = 100	37 + 63 = 100
40 + 60 = 100	63 + 37 = 100
100 - 40 = 60	100 - 63 = 37
100 - 60 = 40	100 - 37 = 63
75 + 25 = 100	48 + 52 = 100
25 + 75 = 100	52 + 48 = 100
100 - 25 = 75	100 - 52 = 48
100 - 75 = 25	100 - 48 = 52

<u>Key Vocabulary</u>		
What do I <b>add</b> to 65 to make 100?		
What is 100 take away 6?		
What is 13 less than 100?		
How many more than 98 is 100? What is the difference between 89 and 100?		

This list includes some examples of facts that children should know. They should be able to answer questions including missing number questions e.g.  $49 + \bigcirc = 100$  or  $100 - \bigcirc = 72$ .

## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

Buy one get three free - If your child knows one fact (e.g. 8 + 5 = 13), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family?

<u>Use number bonds to 10</u> - How can number bonds to 10 help you work out number bonds to 100?

<u>Play games</u> - There are missing number questions at <u>www.conkermaths.com</u>. See how many questions you can answer in just 90 seconds. There is also a number bond pair game to play.



## Key Instant Recall Facts Year 5 - Autumn 1

I know the multiplication and division facts for all times tables up to  $12\times12$ .

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts **instantly**. Please see the separate Times Table Poster for all times table facts.

This is a chance for Year 5 children to consolidate their knowledge of multiplication and division facts and to increase their speed of recall.

### Key Vocabulary

What is 12 multiplied by 6?

What is 7 times 8?

What is 84 divided by 7?

## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact family of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

<u>Speed Challenge</u> - Take two packs of playing cards and remove the kings. Turn over two cards and ask your child to multiply the numbers together (Ace = 1, Jack = 11, Queen = 12). How many questions can they answer correctly in 2 minutes? Practise regularly and see if they can beat their high score.

Online games - There are many games online which can help children practise their multiplication and division facts. www.conkermaths.org is a good place to start.

<u>Use memory tricks</u> - For those hard-to-remember facts, www.multiplication.com has some strange picture stories to help children remember.



# Key Instant Recall Facts Year 6 - Autumn 2

## I know the multiplication and division facts for all times tables up to $12 \times 12$ .

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts instantly.

Please see separate Times Tables Poster for all times table facts.

This is a chance for Year 6 children to consolidate their knowledge of multiplication and division facts and to increase their speed of recall.

## Key Vocabulary

What is 12 multiplied by 6?

What is 7 times 8?

What is 84 divided by 7?

They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions e.g.  $7 \times \bigcirc = 28$  or  $\bigcirc \div 6 = 7$ .

Children who have already mastered their times tables should apply this knowledge to answer questions including decimals e.g.  $0.7 \times \bigcirc = 4.2$  or  $\bigcirc \div 60 = 0.7$ 

## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact family of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

<u>Speed Challenge</u> - Take two packs of playing cards and remove the kings. Turn over two cards and ask your child to multiply the numbers together (Ace = 1, Jack = 11, Queen = 12). How many questions can they answer correctly in 2 minutes? Practise regularly and see if they can beat their high score.

<u>Online games</u> - There are many games online which can help children practise their multiplication and division facts. <u>www.conkermaths.org</u> is a good place to start.

<u>Use memory tricks</u> - For those hard-to-remember facts, www.multiplication.com has some strange picture stories to help children remember.