К	nowledge and Understanding of the Wo	rld
R.E and History Science Geography		
2 to 3 Year Olds		
People and Communities		
Curious about people.		
 Enjoys pictures and stories about ther 	nselves, their families and other people.	
Has a sense of own immediate family	and relations.	
 In pretend play, imitates everyday act 	ions and events from own family and cultural background	l, e.g. making and drinking tea.
For young children history is about their grandpare	ents and birthdays.	
I.E. helps us to develop a better understanding of	our communities and other's beliefs and values. We	enjoy celebrating festivals and events that are
elevant to our school community and wider world	l each year. For example, celebrating Eid, the Chines	e New Year, Diwali, Christmas, Easter.
The World		
 Explores objects by linking together d 	ifferent approaches: shaking, hitting, looking, feeling, tast	ing, mouthing, pulling, turning and poking
 Remembers where objects belong. 		
 Matches parts of objects that fit toge 	ther, e.g. puts lid on Teapot.	
 Enjoys playing with small-world mode 	ls such as a farm, a garage, or a train track.	
 Notices detailed features of objects in 	n their environment	
Shows interests in different animals a	nd sound they make	
Technology		
 Shows interest in toys with buttons, fl 	aps and simple mechanisms and beginning to learn to op	erate them.
 Seeks to acquire basic skills in turning 	on and operating equipment.	
• Operates mechanical toys, e.g. turns	the knob on a wind-up toy or pulls back on a friction car.	
3 to 4 Year Olds		
Autumn	Spring	Summer
People and Communities	People and Communities	People and Communities
• Beginning to have their own friends.	Shows interest in the lives of people	Can talk about some of the
Learns that they have similarities	who are familiar to them.	differences in relation to friends or
and differences that connect them	Remembers and talks about	family.
to, and distinguish them from,	significant events in their own	Knows some of the things that make
	•	

experience.

others.

them unique, and can talk about

The World		occupations and ways of life.Knows some of the things that make them unique.	 differences in relation to friends or family Order a sequence of up to 3 events. Know that some objects are old and new.
 Comments about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live. GEOGRAPHY Comments about aspects of the natural world. Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects. Talks about why things happen. Talks about how things work Understand light and dark Beginning to understand the seasons Food Technology -The children develop a greater understanding of how materials alter when cooking. SCIENCE 	The World	 their familiar world such as the place where they live GEOGRAPHY Materials and their properties – similarities and differences in everyday materials, how materials change, dissolving, bending, heating, squashing etc Asks questions about aspects of the natural world. Know names of different fruits and vegetables Know parts of the body 	 Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. Shows care and concern for living things and the environment. Look closely at similarities, differences, patterns and changes. Understand the importance of washing hands, brushing teeth and eating a healthy snack. Sort objects into groups by size, colour Food Technology -The children develop a greater understanding of how materials alter when cooking. SCIENCE Know where they live – town Know who they live with Talk about the daily weather and link to seasons Understand modes of transport GEOGRAPHY

• Recognises and describes special

• Understand language of today,

some of the similarities and

 Knows how to operate simple equipment, e.g. turns on CD Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys Shows an interest in real objects such as cameras or mobile phones Shows skill in making toys work by lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images. Shows skill in making toys work by lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images. 	 Fechnology Knows that information can be retrieved from computers Find out about and identify uses of everyday technology and use information and communication technology and programmable toys to support learning.
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Talking about what I have done and noticed

Sorting and matching things

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Finding things that are similar or different

Being curious and starting to ask questions

Performing simple tests and using equipment

Making simple records of what I notice or how things change

Looking closely at things and noticing changes

Using senses to observe and look closely