| Managing Feelings and Behaviour | Nursery Skills | Development Matters 30-50months Aware of own feelings, and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings. Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others. Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met, and understands wishes may not always be met. Can usually adapt behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine. | Reception Skills | Development Matters 40-60months Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them. Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting. Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy. Early Learning Goal Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride. |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| Autumn 1 | | Emotion cards | To be aware of the | Topic: We've Got the Whole World in our Hands Emotion cards |
| | | Zones of regulation | boundaries set, and of | |
| Environment | | | behavioural | Zones of regulation |
| | To start to | Emotions dice | expectations in the | Emotions disc |
| | understand basic emotions e.g. | Thinking chair with resources to support | setting | Emotions dice |
| | happy, sad. | Trinking chair with resources to support | To know that some | Thinking chair with resources to support |
| | парру, заа. | Classroom rules | behaviour is | Trimking chair with resources to support |
| | To start to | Stabil Communication | unacceptable | Classroom rules |
| Activities | beware of own | Circle time where children role the emotion dice and the | | Children learn about the classroom rules during a |
| | feelings, and | one it lands on, they have to copy the expression e.g. | | carpet time and they are put on the display as a |
| | knows that some | happy or sad | | reminder. |
| | actions and | | | Listen to everyone |
| | words can hurt | Adults and children use the zones of regulation to help | | -Kind hands and feet |
| | others' feelings. | children define what they are feeling. | | -Look after our resources |
| | | Adults and children discuss and explore emotions daily | | If they break a rule- they use the portable thinking |
| | | linked to events that happen e.g. braking a resource | | chair to sit and reflex on the choice they made |
| | | Children learn about the classroom rules and if they break a rule- they use the portable thinking chair to sit and reflex on the choice they made. Key Vocabulary: rules, happy, sad, feelings | | Children have a circle time to talk about what behaviour is acceptable and what is unacceptable |

| | | | | Introduce the zones of regulation where children can begin to understand certain behaviours link to certain emotions. Key Vocabulary: rules, behaviour, zones of regulation |
|----------------------|--|---|--|--|
| What you will see | | Children attempting to understand and follow the rules and routines of the classroom. | | Children will be understanding the classroom rules and routine and understand that certain behaviour is unacceptable |
| | | Adults modelling language linked to feelings and emotions | | |
| Autumn 2 | To be able to tolerate delay | Distraction resources Classroom rules | To adapt and cope with change e.g. coming into school | Topic: Let's Celebrate Rules clearly displayed |
| Environment | when needs are not immediately | Positive behaviour chart | ready to learn | Feelings displayed around the classroom |
| | met, and understands | | To show tolerance when needs are not | Zones of development display Distraction resources |
| | wishes may not always be met | | met | Positive behaviour chart |
| Activities | To start to understand the basic rules and | Adults use resources to distract children when they are finding it difficult to separate from main carer | To be patient and understand needs cannot be met straight away | Timers Adults use resources to distract children when they are finding it difficult to separate from main carer |
| | routines | Children will have circle time to learn the classroom rules - Listen to everyone | | Adults will have high expectations of learning behaviour in the classroom. Children are expected to come in and show a good learning behaviour. |
| | | -Kind hands and feet -Look after our resources | | Children can come in and move their face on the zones of regulation display to show how they are feeling in |
| | | Teacher to take pictures of children making good choices and following the classroom rules e.g. looking after our resources | | the morning. Adults will chat to children who aren't in the green zone about how and why they are feeling like that. |
| | | Adults to model to children how to make good choices and use the positive behaviour chart to support good choices | | Children can use sand timer to support them when waiting. |
| | | Children move up the behaviour chart when making a good choice | | Adults can use the positive behaviour chart to reinforce good choices. |
| | | Key Vocabulary: good, not good, choice, wait, rules | | Key Vocabulary: change, patience, rules |

| Children making good choices and adults consistently proteing them | What you will see | | Children attempting to follow the rules and routines of the classroom, with prompts and modelling from adults. | | Children will be adapting their behaviour in different situations, understanding that there are a lot of |
|--|-------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| To begin to accept the needs of others and can share resources, sometimes with support from others Activities Ac | | | Children making good choices and adults consistently | | children and not many adults. Children will be taking |
| To begin to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others Activities | | | praising them | | turns and learning to be patient in the classroom. |
| Environment of of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others Activities A | Spring 1 | | | To talk about how | Topic: A Helping Hand |
| To talk about their and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others Activities Activi | | • | Sand timer/stop watch | * | Zones of regulation |
| take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others Activities Activities | Environment | | Board games | | Emotion cards |
| Social games To understand that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them. Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Adults model to children to use a sand timer to help them to share a resources. Children can play games to support "your turn-my turn" e.g. roll the dice -snakes and ladders Children are constantly praised for making good choices to share resources Adults can role play scenarios to children and the children have to say how to solve the problem. Key Vocabulary: share, take turns, timer behaviour To understand that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to come up with strategies to support children dealing with emotions in different situations e.g. someone has fallen over - tell a teacher and get them a wet tissue if needed. Adults to show zones of regulation cards to support children to understand their emotion, ask the child what zone they are in and how can they get back to green zone Children can use a mirror to look at their own reflection and try out different emotions on their face Children can draw pictures of times where they have felt a certain emotion Children can draw faces to represent different emotions Children can draw a worry to put inside the worry monster Children to read PSED stories to support them | | take turns and | | To talk about their | |
| Social games To understand that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them. Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Adults model to children to use a sand timer to help them to share a resources. Children can play games to support "your turn-my turn" e.g. roll the dice -snakes and ladders Children are constantly praised for making good choices to share resources Adults can role play scenarios to children and the children have to say how to solve the problem. Key Vocabulary: share, take turns, timer behaviour To understand that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to come up with strategies to support children dealing with emotions in different situations e.g. someone has fallen over - tell a teacher and get them a wet tissue if needed. Adults to show zones of regulation cards to support children to understand their emotion, ask the child what zone they are in and how can they get back to green zone Children can use a mirror to look at their own reflection and try out different emotions on their face Children can draw pictures of times where they have felt a certain emotion Children can draw faces to represent different emotions Children can draw a worry to put inside the worry monster Children to read PSED stories to support them | | share resources, | Range of activities | own and others' | Role play area |
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| Children to read PSED stories to support them | | | | | ' ' |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | understand different emotions in different situations. |

| | | | | Key Vocabulary: feeling, emotion, worry, |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| What you will see | - | Children attempting to share resources with each other and adults to encourage children to use resources like a sand timer to support turn taking | | Children will start to talk about their emotions a lot more. Children can start to comment on other children's behaviour and emotions, they will start to think of strategies to support their peers. |
| Spring 2 | To start to talk about their own | Zones of regulation | They work as part of a group or class, and | |
| Environment | emotions in more | Emotion cards | understand and follow the rules | Classroom rules |
| | | Role play area | | Positive behaviour chart |
| | | Social games | | Social games |
| | | Emotions dice | | Social stories |
| | | Mirrors | | Role play area |
| | | Worry monster | | Range of activities |
| Activities | | Carpet time to come up with strategies to support children dealing with emotions in different situations e.g. someone has fallen over - tell a teacher and get them a wet tissue if needed. | | Children will begin to form friendships and learn to work together completing activities in the classroom Children can work together by playing board games and social games to promote team work and turn taking. |
| | | Adults to show zones of regulation cards to support children to understand their emotion, ask the child what zone they are in and how can they get back to green zone | | Social stories can be made to support children who struggle to follow the rules and routine of the classroom. |
| | | Children can use a mirror to look at their own reflection and try out different emotions on their face | | Using lots of positive praise and the behaviour chart to encourage children to follow the rules of the classroom. |
| | | Children can draw pictures of times where they have felt a certain emotion | | Each week children in the class get a different responsibility where they look after an area of the classroom e.g. fruit monitor, book area monitor, lunch |
| | | Children can draw faces to represent different emotions | | trolley monitor. Key Vocabulary: team, teamwork, rules, good choice |
| | | Children can draw a worry to put inside the worry monster | | |

| | | Key Vocabulary: upset, cross, hurt, excited, happy | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| What you will see | | Children will start to pick up on their own and other children's emotions and try to adapt their behaviour to support them. E.g. getting a tissue for them if they are crying | | Children will take on more responsibility and ownership of their classroom. They will be working as a team to keep the classroom clean and tidy and they will be making good choices to move up the behaviour chart. |
| Summer 1 Environment Activities | To adapt behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine | A range of key texts Visual timetable Zones of regulation Social stories Distraction toys There might be visitors/parent helpers/ volunteers/ other teachers coming in out of the classroom, children will start to get used to seeing other adults. Children will use a visual timetable to find out what is happening each day and the teacher can talk about now and next. Children go to the hall to do PE lessons which is a change from the classroom. Children also take part in cooking weekly which is based in the cooking room. Adults can use the zones of regulation/ social stories to support children who are finding changes difficult. Event such as sports day and world book day which are off timetable can be challenging for some childrenadults can prepare the children by reading key texts about the events prior to them happening. Children can have a special toy or tool to help distract them if they are upset. Key Vocabulary: change, timetable, now, next | To be able to adjust their behaviour to different situations | Topic: Fairy Tales A range of key texts Visual timetable Zones of regulation Social stories Distraction toys There might be visitors/parent helpers/ volunteers/ other teachers coming in out of the classroom, children will start to get used to seeing other adults. Children will use a visual timetable to find out what is happening each day and the teacher can talk about now and next. Children go to the hall to do PE lessons which is a change from the classroom. Children will experience going on school trips . Adults can use the zones of regulation/ social stories to support children who are finding changes difficult. Event such as sports day and world book day which are off timetable can be challenging for some children-adults can prepare the children by reading key texts about the events prior to them happening. Children can have a special toy or tool to help distract them if they are upset. |

| | | | | Key Vocabulary: change, timetable, now, next, later, morning, afternoon |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| What you will see | | Children taking changes to routine in their stride, they | | Children will be taking changes to routine in their stride, they are becoming confident to speak to adults |
| | | are becoming confident to speak to other adults and access other areas of the school effectively. | | when they have questions or worries about different situations. |
| Summer 2 | | A range of key texts | To begin to be able to negotiate and solve | Topic: Under the Sea Sand timer |
| Environment | To confidently talk about their | Visual timetable | problems without aggression, e.g. when | Classroom rules |
| | feelings and feelings of others | Zones of regulation | someone has taken their toy | Social stories |
| | in a range of | Social stories | men rey | Zones of regulation |
| | STRUCTIONS | Distraction toys | | A range of key texts |
| | | Mirrors | | , |
| Activities | | Children will be settled into Nursery and will start to tune into other children's emotions – adults will start to ask children how we could help someone else with their | | Children can use sand timers to share and solve problems |
| | | emotion. E.g. if a child is crying, what could we do to help them? | | Adults will ask children how to solve a problem that occurs rather than solving it for them |
| | | Reading PSED stories to help children understand emotions in different situations. | | Children can use social stories and classroom rules to remind them of ways to solve an issue. |
| | | Adults modelling and talking about emotions in that moment e.g. I can see you are upset, how can we help you feel happy again? | | Children can access and read a range of texts linked to PSED |
| | | Carpet time strategies to deal with emotions. Key Vocabulary: help, feeling, | | Adults can model and children can role play different scenarios and look at what to do when. |
| | | | | Key Vocabulary: solve, problem, solution, |
| What you will see | | Children supporting one another and finding solutions to help them before asking adults for support. | | Children will begin to use techniques and resources to solve their own problem first before seeking support from adults. |